# LAPEER COUNTY COMMUNITY MENTAL HEALTH

# Date Issued 08/11/2022 Date Revised

CHAPTER	CH	APTER	SEC	TION	SUBJECT	
Health and Safety	Health and Safety 08		003		50	
SECTION		DESCRIPT	DESCRIPTION			
Safety	fety			Rapid Response Team: Code Blue and Code		
Gray						
WRITTEN BY	REVISE	DBY		AUTHORIZ	ZED BY	
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## **APPLICATION:**

⊠CMH Staff	☐Board Members	☐ Provider Network	⊠Employment Services Providers
□Employment Services Provider Agencies	⊠Independent Contractors	⊠Students	⊠Interns
⊠Volunteers	☐Persons Served		

## POLICY:

Lapeer County Community Mental Health (LCCMH) responds quickly and effectively to improve the outcome in a medical and/or behavioral crisis using a Rapid Response Team.

#### STANDARDS:

- A. The Rapid Response Team (RRT) assists and evaluates any person served, visitor, or staff who is experiencing a medical or behavioral crisis at LCCMH Main Building.
- B. The RRT members are trained initially and periodically in the RRT model by the nursing supervisor.
- C. The RRT may be assembled at any time by anyone at the LCCMH main building if there is concern regarding a person's medical condition or behavior.

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- D. The RRT uses a proactive assessment approach to best address the person's needs, to communicate this data to appropriate persons, and together determine the best approach for treating the person.
- E. There is a designated RRT at LCCMH main building to respond to all Code Blue or Code Gray events.
- F. In the event of a Code Red, Pink, Yellow, Green, Orange, or Purple all staff follow facility Emergency Preparedness Plan Policy 08.003.25 and the Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan.
- G. Post incident the code leader facilitates a debriefing with all RRT responders.

#### PROCEDURES:

- A. Duties to be performed:
  - 1. Staff dials 74994 and call a "Code Blue" or "Code Gray" to activate the RRT.
  - 2. For Code Blue events, all LCCMH staff trained in cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) responds, and begins CPR when indicated, until the RRT arrives to manage the care of the person.
    - a. Upon arrival of the RRT, the responding LCCMH staff turns over care to RRT Code Leader.
    - b. All nursing staff and the RRT respond to all Code Blue events and bring jump bag, AED, and Narcan® to the scene.
    - c. Nursing staff are the code leaders in a Code Blue situation until a Physician, Physician's Assistant (PA), or Nurse Practitioner (NP) responds.
    - d. Nursing staff assess the person and help with the implementation of the interventions as previously outlined in LCCMH approved policies and procedures and American Heart Association (AHA) guidelines.

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- e. Care of the person is released to the Emergency Medical Technicians (EMT) or paramedics once they arrive on site.
- 3. For Code Gray events, all LCCMH staff trained in de-escalation techniques respond and begin interventions as indicated, until the RRT arrives to manage the care of the person.
  - a. Upon arrival of the RRT, the responding LCCMH staff turns over care to RRT Code Leader.
  - b. Triage staff are the code leaders in all Code Gray situations.
- 4. The code leader assigns a RRT member to documentation/recorder.
- B. RRT members' roles are as defined but not limited to:
  - Code leader facilitates debriefing of the RRT post incident and ensure all proper documentation is completed and submitted to the Health and Safety Committee.
  - 2. A physician, PA, or NP responds to every Code Blue, when available.
  - 3. The Health and Safety Officer or designee collaborate with the Code Leader and RRT for data collection.
  - 4. Code leader in Codes Blue and Gray initiate care and verbalize roles for responding members
- C. Reasons the RRT may be activated include:
  - 1. Any staff, person served, or visitor is concerned about an individual's physical or psychological status.
  - 2. Acute changes in vital signs (VS) or behavior from previously recorded or baseline parameters.
  - 3. If an individual is experiencing any Stroke-like symptoms (trouble speaking and understanding what others are saying, paralysis or numbness of the face, arm or leg, problems seeing in one or both eyes, headache, or trouble walking).

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- 4. If an individual is experiencing any suspicious chest pain.
- 5. If an individual is in respiratory distress or has a decrease in oxygen saturation.
- 6. If an individual has a mental status change, change in level of consciousness (LOC), or seizure activity.

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

Jump bag: A bag containing first-aid equipment used to treat traumatic injuries.

<u>Respiratory Distress</u>: Deprivation of oxygen to the organs. Serve shortness of breath or unable to breathe without support as identified by increase in breathing rate (breaths per minute), color changes, grunting, nose flaring, sweating, wheezing or body position signifying distress. <u>www.Hopkinsmedicine.org</u>

Oxygen Saturation: The amount of oxygen circulating in the blood.

#### **REFERENCES/EXHIBITS:**

Mayo Clinic. (2022, January 20). *Stroke*. Mayo Clinic. Retrieved July 25, 2022, from <a href="https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/stroke/symptoms-causes/syc-20350113">https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/stroke/symptoms-causes/syc-20350113</a>

American Heart Association guidelines for Cardio Pulmonary Resuscitation. https://cpr.heart.org/en/resuscitation-science/cpr-and-ecc-guidelines

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